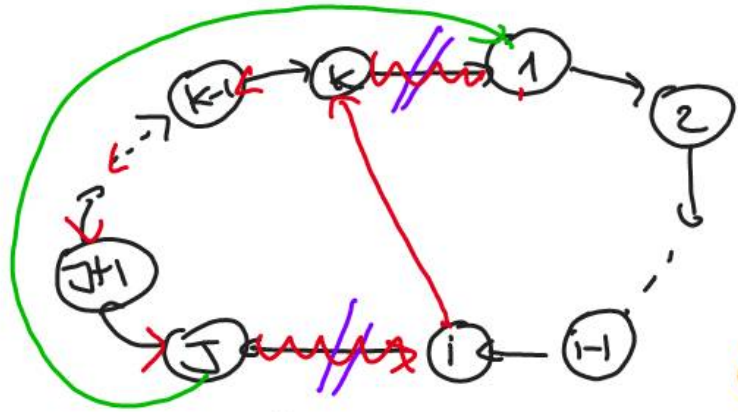


IMPROVEMENT H.



- Initial tour

Given a tour \rightarrow improve the tour

Choose a nonadjacent pair of edges
Suppose that we delete these edges

Get the new tour

$$\text{GAIN: } (d_{ki} + d_{ij}) - (d_k + d_j)$$

Calculate gains of all pairs of nonadjacent edges. If the max gain is negative STOP. Otherwise make the interchange & freeze

2-way interchange

\rightarrow 3-way interchange

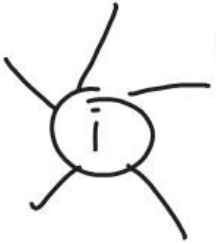
SPANNING TREE

$$X_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } e=(i,j) \in T \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Min } \sum_{e \in E} d_e x_e$$

s.t.

$$\sum_{e \in \delta(i)} x_e \geq 1 \quad \forall i \in V$$



$$\sum_{e \in E} x_e = n - 1 \quad n = |V|$$

Cycle prevention constraint

$$x_e = 0, 1$$

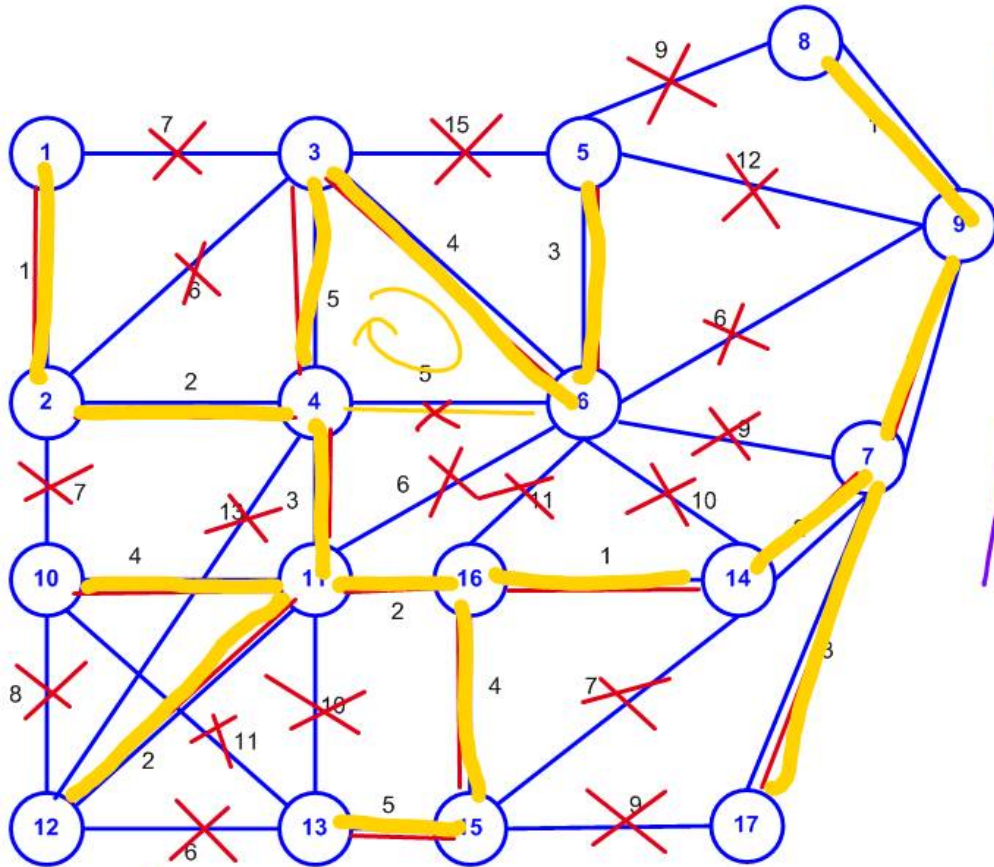
Given $G = (V, E)$

Hard to formulate as an IP.

Easy to solve optimally

- Kruskal's
- Prim's

$$\sum_{e \in \delta(i)} x_e = |S| - 1 \quad \forall S \subseteq V$$

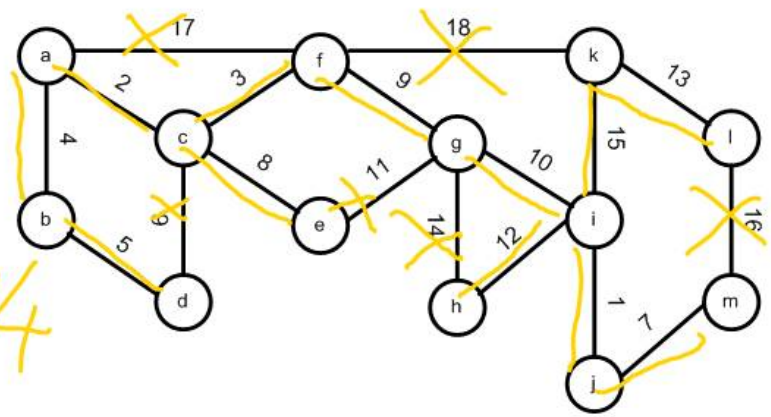


Length 44

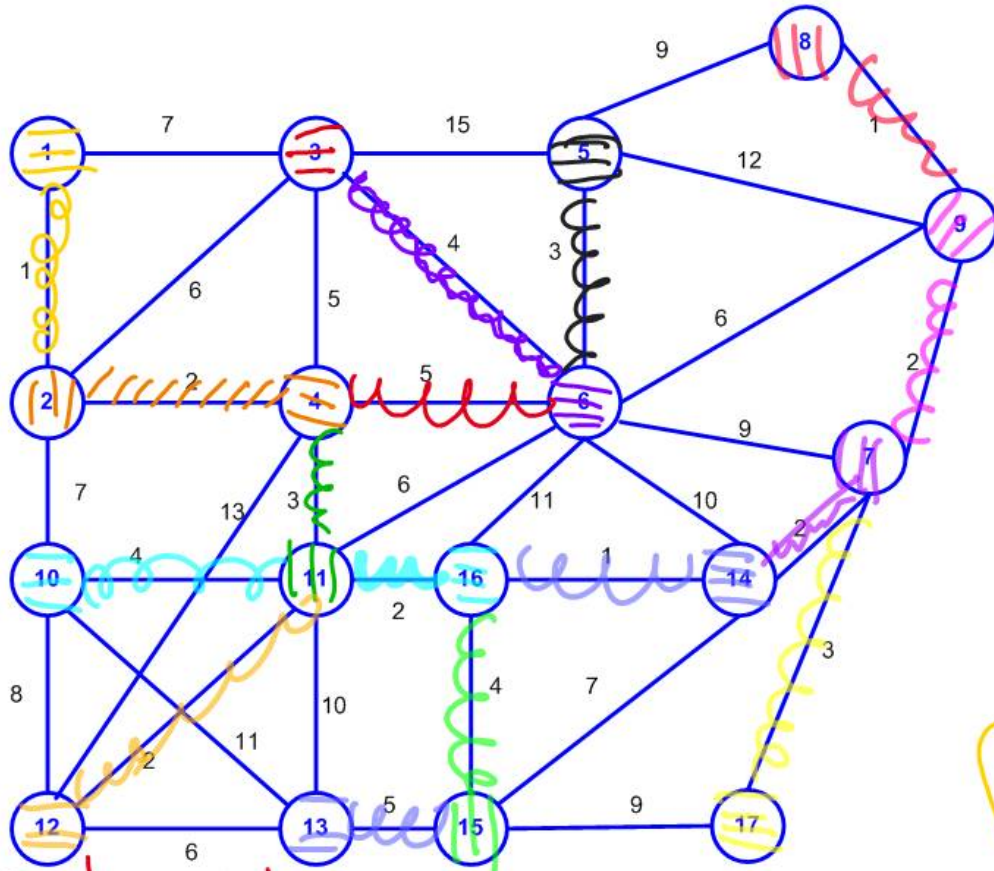
- LIST
- 12
 - 89
 - 146
 - ...
 - 35

Kruskal's

- S1. Sort the edges in increasing order of lengths
- S2. wrt this order, examine edges
If an edge in the list creates a cycle → SKIP
⊕ ADD



89? 74



$T^0 = \emptyset$
 $T^1 = \{3\}$
 $T^2 = \{3, 6\}$
 $T^3 = \{3, 6, 5\}$
 $T^4 = \{3, 6, 5, 4\}$
 $T^5 = \{3, 6, 5, 4, 2\}$

$T^6 = \{3, 5, 6, 5, 4, 2, 1\}$
 $T^7 = T^6 \cup \{11\}$
 T^8
 T^9
 T^{10}
 T^{11}
 T^{12}
 T^{13}
 T^{14}
 T^{15}
 T^{16}

PRIM'S Algo

Start with any vertex. Connect the nearest unvisited vertex until all vertices are connected

