

Industrial Engineering

IE 454 Combinatorial Analysis

http://ie454.cankaya.edu.tr Fall 2010 Tuesday 9:40-12:30 A201 Levent Kandiller kandiller@cankaya.edu.tr Voice: 189 Dean's office

A HOMEWORK 2 (Due: Nov. 23)
(a) How many different ways are there to pick 4 different cells in this 5 by 5 mesh?
(b) How many different ways are there to pick 4 cells in sequence as 1st,2nd,3rd, and 4th such that one can pick the same cell in at most four times in this 5 by 5 mesh?
(c) How many different ways are there to pick 15 cells in this 5 by 5 mesh such that exactly 3 cells in each column are selected?
(d) How many different ways are there to pick 3 cells in this 5 by 5 mesh such that no two cells in the same row and column are selected?
Q1.

- e) Consider that you are at point B. The side figure is the road-map of a district. You may use horizontal or vertical streets. How many different routes of length 9 from B to A are there?
- Q2. Capacitated bins and indistinguishable balls:

Consider *n* indistinguishable balls and *m* bins, where each bin has a capacity of c(i) (i = 1, ..., m) balls. Note that $n \leq \sum_i c(i)$; one or more bins may have room for all *n* balls; we don't care which balls are in which bins, nor do we distinguish between positions in the bins; and bins need not be occupied.

Let N(k) denotes the number of ways of packing k balls into m bins with capacities c(i).

- (a) If we have 5 bins with capacities 3,2,5,4,2 respectively, then what will be N(1)?
- (b) If we have 5 bins with capacities 3,2,5,4,2 respectively, then what will be N(2)?
- (c) If we have 5 bins with capacities 3,2,5,4,2 respectively, then what will be N(14)?
- (d) Prove N(k) = N(c-k) combinatorially, where c is the total capacity $c(1)+c(2)+\cdots+c(m)$:
- (e) If we have 5 bins with capacities 3,2,5,4,2 respectively, then what will be $\sum_{k=0}^{16} N(k)$?
- (f) What is $\sum_{k=0}^{c} N(k)$ in general, where c is the total capacity?
- (g) In how many ways can the n balls be distributed in the m bins? [BONUS]

Q3.

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 = n$$

 $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; 0 \le x_5 < 6$ (Strict inequality!).

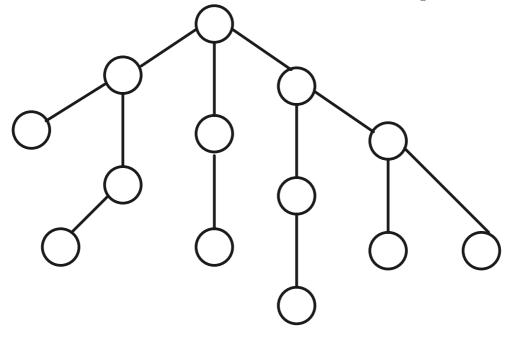
- (a) Find bounds (lower, upper) on n.
- (b) Construct the generating function.
- (c) Find the probabilities for n=5 and for n=11.

Q4. Fibonacci numbers:

Find an explicit formula for Fibonacci numbers:

$$F_0 = 0, \ F_1 = 1, \ F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}, \ n = 2, 3, \cdots$$

- Q5. Tree traversal:
 - (a) Find the bfs numbers and write in the nodes of the following tree:



(b) Find the dfs numbers and write in the nodes of the following tree: